

Biocon Academy

ANNUAL REPORT 20-21

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Biocon Academy

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Biocon Academy ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. The Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, is not applicable to the Company.
2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2021, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1" to this report;
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company did not have any pending litigation.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - (iii) There were no amounts which are required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

for **S. Krishnaswamy & Co.,**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001556S

Ravindra T
Partner
Membership No.: 206864

Place: Bengaluru

Date:

Annexure 1 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of Biocon Academy

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To the Members of Biocon Academy

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Biocon Academy** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Explanatory paragraph

We also have audited, in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, the financial statements of the Company, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the related Statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and our report dated 28th April 2021 expressed an unqualified opinion.

For S. Krishnaswamy & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm registration number: 001556S

Ravindra T
Partner
Membership No.: 206864

Place: Bengaluru
Date:

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Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021

(All amounts in Indian Rupees thousand, except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated)

	Note	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Capital work in progress	3	1,062	1,062
Other non-current assets	4(a)	35,320	29,947
Total non current assets		36,382	31,009
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	29,525	19,543
Other current assets	4(b)	208	240
Total current assets		29,733	19,783
Total		66,115	50,792
Shareholders' funds			
Equity share capital	6	500	500
Total equity		500	500
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	7	-	-
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		50,966	37,152
Other liabilities	8	14,649	13,139
Total current liabilities		65,615	50,291
Total		66,115	50,791

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts in Indian Rupees thousand, except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
INCOME			
Tuition fees		11,805	16,411
Other income		82	282
Donation		42,035	-
Total		53,922	16,693
Expenses			
Salaries wages and bonus		11,806	10,661
Other expenses	9	42,116	6,032
		53,922	16,693
Surplus/deficit for the period		-	-
Earnings per share [nominal value of share Rs 10]		-	-
Basic and Diluted (in Rs)		-	-
Weighted average no. of shares used in computing Earnings per share			
Basic and Diluted		50,000	50,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report for even date

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts in Indian Rupees thousand, except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated)

Equity share capital

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Opening Balance	500	500
Changes in equity share capital	–	–
Closing balance	500	500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date
for S.Krishnaswamy & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No.001556S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Biocon Academy

Ravindra.T
Partner
M.No.206864

Kiran Mazumdar Shaw
Director
DIN: 00347229

John M M Shaw
Director
DIN: 00347250

Bengaluru
May 14, 2020

Bengaluru
May 14, 2020

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
3. Capital work in progress		
Capital Work in Progress - Computers	1,062	1,062
	1,062	1,062
4. Other Assets		
(a) Non-current		
Balances with statutory/government authorities	35,320	29,947
	35,320	29,947
(b) Current		
Prepayments	208	240
	208	240
5. Cash and bank balances		
Balances with Banks:		
On current account	19,513	19,543
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	10,012	–
	29,525	19,543
6. Share capital		
Authorised		
50,000 equity shares (March 31, 2019-50,000) of Rs 10 each	500	500
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up		
50,000 equity shares (March 31, 2019-50,000) of Rs 10 each	500	500
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	500	500

(a) Reconciliation of the share outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year**Equity shares**

	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	50,000	500	50,000	500
Issued during the year	–	–	–	–
Outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500	50,000	500

(b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote each. As per Clause X of Memorandum of Association (MOA) of the Company, in the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity share will not be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The remaining shall be given or transferred to such other company having similar objects, to be determined by the member of the company at or before the time of dissolution or in default thereof by the High Court of Judicature that has or may acquire jurisdiction in the manner.

(c) Equity shares held by holding company and details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares held in the Company:

	March 31, 2020		March 31, 2019	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Biocon Limited, including shares held through nominees	50,000	100%	50,000	100%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
7. Trade payables		
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	50,966	37,152
	50,966	37,152
There are no payables under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006		
8. Other liabilities		
Current		
Statutory taxes and dues payable	10,775	7,016
Advance fee received from students	3,874	6,123
	14,649	13,139
9. Other expenses		
Training expenses, net	36,601	681
Payments to auditors	50	50
Advertisement expenses	955	1,235
Travelling and conveyance	48	877
Communication expenses	1,310	668
Professional charges	103	2,140
Printing and stationery	101	381
Rent & Lease expenses	1,437	-
Loss on foreign exchange transactions, net	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1,511	-
	42,116	6,032